



## **IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

### **For All Benefit Eligible Employees**

### **2018 Annual Notices**

### **Open Enrollment**

## **ANNUAL NOTICES**

The following Notices are required by the laws surrounding health care plans. Please review these notices. If you have any questions, please contact your Human Resources Department.

### **Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC)**

As part of the Affordable Care Act, healthcare companies and group health plans must now provide Summary of Benefits and Coverage documents, or SBCs, to help employers, their employees and their families, understand and compare health plans. The SBC and Uniform Glossary are meant to help consumers understand their healthcare coverage, as well as understand common terms used by health plans. Insurance companies and group health plans must provide SBCs in a standard format, and the SBCs can only differ regarding specific plan benefits. This standard format will make it easier for employers and employees to compare plans and shop for a plan that best meets their needs. The Medical and Prescription drug plan SBC will be posted in PlanSource and on our website.

### **Evergreen Election**

For those employee benefit programs that allow for employee payroll deductions to be taken on a pre-tax basis, the district's Section 125 Plan allow for such pre-tax deductions. As allowable by law, employee's payroll deductions will be taken on a pre-tax basis unless the employee notifies the Human Resources Department, and completes an election form declining participation. Any change will be effective as of the first day of the new plan year. The salary adjustment amount will be adjusted automatically to reflect any increase or decrease in the cost of the plans selected. This "evergreen" election applies to all plans as allowable by law to be taken on a pre-tax basis.

### **USERRA**

Your right to continued participation in the Plan during leaves of absence for active military duty is protected by the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA). Accordingly, if you are absent from work due to a period of active duty in the military for less than 31 days, your Plan participation will not be interrupted.

If you do not elect to continue to participate in the Plan during an absence for military duty that is more than 31 days, you and your covered family members will have the opportunity to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage only under the medical insurance policy for the 24-month period (18-month period if you elected coverage prior to December 10, 2004) that begins on the first day of your leave of absence. You must pay the premiums for Continuation Coverage with after-tax funds, subject to the rules that are set out in that plan.

### **Your Rights After a Mastectomy**

#### ***Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998***

Under Federal law, Group Health Plans and health insurance issuers providing benefits for mastectomy must also provide, in connection with the mastectomy for which the participant or beneficiary is receiving benefits, coverage for:

- reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed; and
- surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and
- prostheses and physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas;

These services must be provided in a manner determined in consultation between the attending Physician and the patient. Call your Human Resources Department for more information.

## **Newborns and Mothers Health Protection Act (NMHPA)**

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

## **HIPAA Special Enrollment Notice**

If you are declining enrollment for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing toward your or your dependents' other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after your or your dependents' other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage).

In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

To request special enrollment or obtain more information, contact your Human Resources Department.

## **Additional Required Notices Are Attached:**

- HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices
- Medicare Part D Coverage Notice
- (SBC) – *PPACA Requirement*
  - Uniform Glossary
- Model General Notice of COBRA Continuation Coverage Rights
- Notice of Employer-Sponsored Wellness Programs
- Affordable Care Act - New Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage Options Notice
- Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Notice
- Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) – Employee Rights & Responsibilities
- Mayfield City School District Section 403(b) Plan – Annual Eligibility Notice
- Fraud Reporting System Information – Annual Notice Acknowledgement Summary of Benefits and Coverage

*The intent of this document is to provide you with general information regarding the status of, and/or potential concerns related to, your current employee benefits environment. It should not be construed as, nor is it intended to provide, legal advice. Laws may be complex and subject to change. This information is based on current interpretation of the law and is not guaranteed. Questions regarding specific issues should be addressed by legal counsel who specializes in this practice area.*